TOTAL HIP ARTHROPLASTY



Welcome to Providence Orthopaedic & NeuroSpine Institute. You are scheduled for surgery on your hip.

The Care Path is a guide designed to help you and your family know what to expect before, during and after your surgery. It identifies people you will meet, tests, treatments, medications, diet, activity and other important information. Your plan will be tailored to fit your personal health care needs.

We are committed to making your stay at Providence Orthopaedic & NeuroSpine Institute a positive experience. We encourage you to ask your doctor, nurse or other team member any questions about your care, procedure or hospital stay. Please use the space below to list any questions or concerns you may have.

Care Path

Patient's

Note:

The Care Path is a guideline, which is subject to a physician's order. It is modified to meet individual needs.



Midlands
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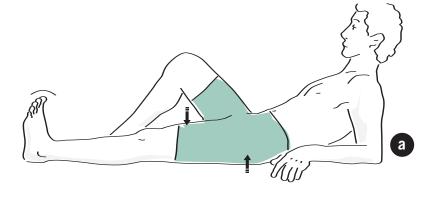
PATIENT'S CARE PATH	BEFORE SURGERY		
People You Will Meet	 The nurses and physicians will explain the procedure and daily treatment plan. The surgical assessment nurse MUST talk with you prior to your surgery to determine if you need to come to the hospital for any testing. The Patient/Guest Relations Coordinator will review insurance information with you and your family and ensure that all necessary forms are signed prior to the day of surgery. If you participate in the joint class prior to your surgery, you may meet nurses, physical and occupational therapists and a case manager. 		
Tests	You will need to come to the hospital before the day of your surgery to have: • Type and screen (blood test) • Any other tests not performed by your physician		
Treatments	 Your vital signs (temperature, pulse, respirations, blood pressure and oxygen level) will be taken. Your height and weight will be measured. 		
Medications	 If you take any aspirin or other blood-thinning products, stop taking them one week prior to your surgery date. Discontinue any herbal supplements 14 days prior to surgery. Continue current prescribed medications unless specified by your doctor. The surgical assessment nurse will review your current medications with you. You will be told which medication(s) to take the morning of your surgery. 		
Diet	DO NOT EAT OR DRINK ANYTHING AFTER MIDNIGHT THE DAY BEFORE YOUR SURGERY.		
Activity	 You may continue your normal activities prior to surgery. Please arrange for someone to drive you home. Please arrange to have someone assist you at home for one to two days after returning home. 		
Teaching/Education	The hospital offers a joint class that is free of charge prior to your surgery. The class provides instruction to you and your family regarding pre-registration, lab work, expectations for the day of surgery, recovery expectations for the hospital and at home, as well as an introduction to exercise, rehabilitation and equipment. The class is led by a multidisciplinary team of professionals. You will be instructed on the following: Pain management—How to identify the level of pain for correct medication dosage Breathing exercises using an Incentive Spirometer Hip exercise program, crutch walking and wound care		
Financial Information	The Patient/Guest Relations Coordinator will contact you to discuss your insurance coverage and financial responsibilities and to have you sign papers for billing purposes. This can take place prior to your day of procedure or on the morning of your surgery. We like to complete all forms before your surgery so that you can concentrate on healing afterwards.		

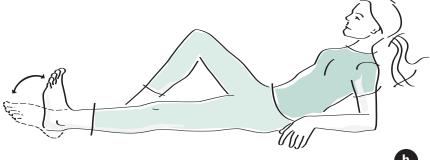
DAY OF SURGERY —	Arrive at the front information desk at Providence Orthopaedic & NeuroSpine Institute and identify yourself as an Institute patient.	am □ pm
 Nurse anesthetist Nurses Respiratory Therap	(possibly, depending on the time of your surgery). If you have surgery later in th	ne day, you will have physical
	latelet gel concentrate during your surgery to promote healing and decrease sw the pre-operative holding area. The blood sample is prepared by spinning it dov	_
After Surgery: • •	Your vital signs (temperature, pulse, respirations, blood pressure and oxygen le An intravenous (IV) drip will be started so medicines and fluids may be given. You will be given sedation in the holding area. Your arm and/or leg movement and feeling will be checked. Your dressing will be checked for drainage and reinforced if needed. You will have a foley catheter in place for 24 hours. You will wear sequential compression devices (SCD) on your legs until you are a You will be on a heart monitor for the first 24 hours. You will have an ice machine blanket available in your room to be placed on you	able to walk.
 Antibiotic medicine The nurse will be a medication will be Medicine will be av As you increase you 	may be given through the IV to prevent an infection. sking you to rate your pain using a pain scale. ($0 = \text{no pain}$; $10 = \text{worst pain}$.)	Based on your level of pain,
•	ice chips and progress to a regular meal. t well and drink plenty of fluids (unless fluid is restricted).	
 You should call for with assistance un Each day, you will I Occupational Thera 	be allowed out of bed unless the doctor orders otherwise. assistance when getting out of bed for the first time. You will need to walk in the first time of the till your nurse tells you that you can walk without help. have physical therapy once in the morning and again in the afternoon and one find a py. by ogressive walking program. We like for you to be able to walk one mile six weeks	to two visits from
 We will instruct you We will remind you An occupational th techniques for bath We will discuss you 	to turn, cough and deep breathe every two hours and use the Incentive Spirom to do your leg exercises. erapist may see you the day after surgery to teach you how to use a reacher and ning and dressing while following your precautions. It discharge plan with you. ailable for you and your family, as needed, to provide emotional and spiritual su	neter. d a sock aid, and to show you

Recommended Exercises for Total Hip Arthoplasty Patients

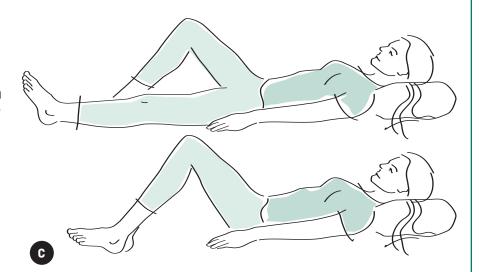
(Phase One Exercises)

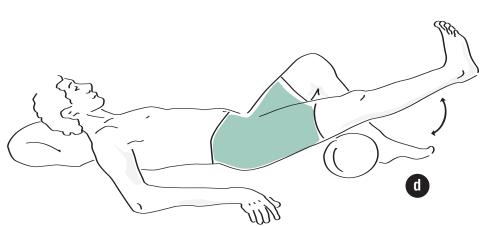
- 1. Points to remember:
 - Avoid flexing your hip greater than 90 degrees.
 - Keep your legs apart.
 - Avoid inward turning of your leg.
 - Do not cross your legs.
 - Keep a pillow between your legs when in bed.
- 2. Perform the following exercises twice each day for 30 minutes.
 - a. **Isometrics** Lying flat, tighten the muscles on the front of your thigh and simultaneously squeeze your buttock muscles. Keep your leg and buttocks flat on the bed. Hold for five seconds and then relax. Do not hold your breath during this exercise. Repeat 30 times each session, and more if desired.
 - b. **Ankle Pumps** Sitting or lying, with your leg relaxed, gently flex and extend your ankle. Move through the full range of motion. Repeat 30 times each session, and more if desired.





c. **Heels Slides** – Lie flat on the bed. Slide your heel toward your buttocks until a gentle stretch is felt. Gently straighten your knee by sliding your heel down until your hip is in full extension. Be sure to keep your legs slightly apart during this exercise. Repeat 10 to 15 times each session.





d. Short Arc Quads -

With your operated leg resting on a rolled towel, straighten your knee by tightening the muscles on the top of your thigh. Keep the bottom of your knee on the towel roll. Repeat 15 to 30 times each session.

3. **Walking** – The best possible exercise for your hip is simply walking. We encourage you to walk at least twice daily. You should increase your distance daily and gradually wean from a walker or crutches to a cane and eventually off a cane. Seven weeks after surgery, most patients can walk one mile without a cane and with a slight limp. Three months after surgery, you should be able to walk any distance and climb stairs without a handrail if you are medically and physically fit.

Homegoing Care/Instructions

Follow-up Visit

You will be seen in the office six weeks after surgery. At your office visit, you may have X-rays taken. If needed, you will be instructed further about this before your follow-up visit.

Incisions and Wound Care

Your incision may have a small amount of drainage or redness around the wound in the first one to two days after surgery. It is common for some people to have a fever of up to 101.5 degrees after surgery. If you see any excessive redness, swelling, drainage, or have any uncontrolled pain or a fever above 101.5 degrees, please let us know.

Keep the incision dry and clean for 10 days. Make sure to wash your hands with soap and water before changing your dressing. Clean the dressing, as needed, if it becomes soiled. Paint the incision with Betadine; then apply a thin layer of Bactroban ointment.

You may shower with Tegaderm dressing covering the incision for the first 10 days after surgery to keep it dry. After showering, remove the Tegaderm and paint the incision with Betadine. Apply Bactroban ointment and reapply a clean, dry standard gauze dressing.

After 10 days, you may shower without dressing the incision. After four weeks, you may soak the wound in a tub bath. If you have steri strips, you may remove them 14 days after surgery. If you have staples, you may shower without a bandage 24 hours after the staples have been removed.

Pain Medication

If you were not given a prescription for pain medication prior to your surgery, you will be given this at the time of discharge. Dr. Gross uses Vicodin, Celebrex or Mobic for pain.

If you were not given a prescription for a blood thinner prior to your surgery, you will be given one at the time of discharge. Dr. Gross uses Arixtra.

DO NOT take more medicine than your doctor has prescribed.

Please call the office if you develop pain not adequately controlled by your medication.



A Sisters Of Charity Ministry

Diet/Nutrition

- Eat a healthy diet.
- Remember to drink plenty of hydrating fluids.
- If you are diabetic, continue your diabetic diet.
- Please call the office if you develop excessive nausea or vomiting.

Tobacco Use

Cigarette smoking has been shown to slow down the healing process, which may negatively affect the success of the surgery. Therefore, we highly discourage tobacco use of any kind.

Activity

- **Do not** lift anything heavier than 50 pounds.
- Do not attempt excessive housework or yard work for four to six weeks after surgery.
- Your ice machine will be sent home with you. Please use this as needed.
- You will not harm your hip by lying on either side. However, it may be uncomfortable lying on the side on which you were operated for several months.

Work & Driving

Your job duties will determine when you are able to go back to work. Please speak to your physician about when you should return to work. You may drive a car with an automatic transmission any time after you go home unless you are taking narcotics. If your surgery was on your right leg, you must be comfortable using your left leg to brake.

Important Numbers

Providence Orthopaedic & NeuroSpine Institute

Patient/Guest Relations: (803) 865-4970

Midlands Orthopaedics, P.A.

Downtown Office: (803) 256-4107

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